



**Chapter 13**

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**Section Quiz 13-1**

**DIRECTIONS: Matching** Match each item in Column A with the items in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks. (10 points each)

**Column A**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Germany, Italy, and Japan
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. idea that a country should focus on its own problems and avoid international commitments
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Adolf Hitler's autobiography
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. a type of aggressive nationalism
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. resource-rich province of China invaded by the Japanese

**Column B**

- A. isolationism
- B. Axis Powers
- C. fascism
- D. *Mein Kampf*
- E. Manchuria

**DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice** In the blank at the left, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question. (10 points each)

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Who was a fervent anti-Communist and a great admirer of Benito Mussolini?
  - A. Adolf Hitler
  - B. Joseph Stalin
  - C. Francisco Franco
  - D. Vladimir Lenin
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Many military officers in Japan believed Japan was destined to dominate
  - A. North America.
  - B. South America.
  - C. East Asia.
  - D. Europe.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. In 1928 the Soviet dictator Joseph Stalin began a massive effort to
  - A. overthrow communism.
  - B. industrialize his country.
  - C. educate the peasants.
  - D. increase trade.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. One of the new political parties to rise during the political and economic chaos in Germany after World War I was the National Socialist German Workers' Party, also known as the
  - A. Socialist Party.
  - B. Nazi Party.
  - C. Fascist Party.
  - D. Bolshevik Party.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Who was the leader of the 1936 rebellion in Spain that quickly became a civil war?
  - A. Benito Mussolini
  - B. Vladimir Lenin
  - C. Francisco Franco
  - D. Gerald M. Nye

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★ **Guided Reading Activity 13-1**

**DIRECTIONS:** Using Headings and Subheadings Locate each heading below in your text-book. Then use the information under the correct subheading to help you write each answer.

**I. The Rise of Dictators**

- A. What did fascists believe was necessary to achieve order in a society? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- B. How did the fascists believe that nations become great? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- C. Why did many Italians welcome Mussolini's leadership? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- D. How did the Communists establish control in the new Union of Soviet Socialist Republics? \_\_\_\_\_
- E. What were the characteristics of the Nazi Party? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- F. Adolf Hitler gained power by having Nazis elected to which part of the German government? \_\_\_\_\_
- G. What did Japanese military leaders believe was the only way for Japan to get the resources it needed? \_\_\_\_\_

**II. American Neutrality**

- A. Why were Americans discouraged by the rise of dictatorships in Europe and Asia? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- B. What were the findings of the Nye Committee? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- C. After passage of the Neutrality Act of 1937, how could warring nations buy non-military goods from the United States? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- D. What is the name for the idea that trade between nations creates prosperity and helps to prevent war? \_\_\_\_\_
- E. What was Roosevelt's reason for authorizing the sale of arms to China? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

SECTION 13-1

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★ **Guided Reading Activity 13-2**

**DIRECTIONS: Filling in the Blanks** In the space provided, write the word or words that best complete the sentence. Refer to your textbook to fill in the blanks.

1. Hitler sent troops into Austria in March 1938, and announced the Anschluss, or \_\_\_\_\_, of Austria and Germany.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ is the policy of giving concessions in exchange for peace.
3. At the Munich Conference, Czechoslovakia's leaders were informed that they must give up the \_\_\_\_\_ or fight Germany on their own.
4. Hitler's demands of Poland convinced \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ that war was inevitable.
5. Stalin believed that the best way to protect the USSR was to have the \_\_\_\_\_ nations turn against each other.
6. The Germans used a new type of warfare called \_\_\_\_\_, or lightning war.
7. Germany invaded Poland on September 1, 1939. By early October, the Germans had defeated Poland's \_\_\_\_\_.
8. After World War I, the French built a line of concrete bunkers and fortifications called the \_\_\_\_\_.
9. To invade France, the Germans attacked \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and Luxembourg first.
10. An estimated \_\_\_\_\_ British and French troops were saved at the evacuation of Dunkirk.
11. After the French surrendered, Germany installed a \_\_\_\_\_ with Marshal Philippe Pétain as its figurehead leader.
12. Hitler had expected the British to negotiate peace, but he had not anticipated the \_\_\_\_\_ of the British people.
13. When Hitler decided to invade Britain, he found getting across the \_\_\_\_\_ a major challenge.
14. Germany's attempt to destroy the Royal Air Force became known as the \_\_\_\_\_.
15. Although the Royal Air Force was greatly outnumbered, the British had one major advantage: They had developed a new technology called \_\_\_\_\_.



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**Chapter 13**

**Section Quiz 13-3**

**DIRECTIONS: Matching** Match each item in Column A with the items in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks. (10 points each)

**Column A**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Hebrew for "catastrophe" and used specifically to refer to the Holocaust
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. the country which revoked landing certificates for those aboard the *SS St. Louis*
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. extermination camp where 1,600,000 people died
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. German government's secret police
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. took citizenship away from Jewish Germans and banned marriage between Jews and other Germans

**Column B**

- A. Nuremberg Laws
- B. Auschwitz
- C. Cuba
- D. Shoah
- E. Gestapo.

**DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice** In the blank at the left, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question. (10 points each)

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. What event in 1938 marked a significant escalation in the Nazi policy of persecution against the Jews?
  - A. *Kristallnacht*
  - B. Nuremberg Laws
  - C. Wannsee Conference
  - D. Battle of Britain
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Few Americans wanted to raise immigration quotas, even to accommodate European
  - A. leaders.
  - B. trade.
  - C. peace.
  - D. refugees.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. What was the name of one of the first and largest concentration camps built near the town of Weimar in 1937?
  - A. Wannsee
  - B. Buchenwald
  - C. Treblinka
  - D. *Kristallnacht*
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. The Nazis reserved their strongest hatred for Jews, although they also held other groups in contempt including homosexuals, the disabled, Gypsies, and
  - A. Christians.
  - B. Scandinavians.
  - C. Slavic peoples.
  - D. the Japanese.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. In 1942 Nazi leaders met to make plans for exterminating Europe's Jews more quickly and efficiently at
  - A. the Wannsee Conference.
  - B. the Munich Conference.
  - C. the St. Louis Affair.
  - D. the Berlin Meetings.

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★ **Guided Reading Activity 13-3**

**DIRECTIONS: Outlining** Read the section and complete the outline below. Refer to your textbook to fill in the blanks.

**I. Nazi Persecution of the Jews**

- A. The Holocaust is also referred to as the "Shoah," from a Hebrew word which means \_\_\_\_\_.
- B. In September 1935, the \_\_\_\_\_ took citizenship away from Jewish Germans and banned marriages between Jews and other Germans.
- C. The killing of a German diplomat provoked attacks against Jews on the night of November 9, 1938—which is now known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- D. Following that night of violence, the government's secret police arrested at least \_\_\_\_\_ wealthy Jews.
- E. Between 1933 and 1939, some \_\_\_\_\_ Jews, including prominent scientists and business owners, escaped Nazi-controlled Germany.
- F. One factor that limited Jewish immigration to the United States was a Nazi order that prevented Jews from leaving Germany with more than \_\_\_\_\_.
- G. Jews who had escaped from Germany on the SS *St. Louis* were denied permission to go ashore, first in \_\_\_\_\_ and later in \_\_\_\_\_.

**II. The Final Solution**

- A. The Nazis planned to move Jews from vast areas of Europe to detention centers known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- B. In the detention centers, healthy individuals would work as \_\_\_\_\_ until they dropped dead of exhaustion, disease, or malnutrition.
- C. The elderly, the sick, and young children were to be executed in massive \_\_\_\_\_.
- D. An estimated \_\_\_\_\_ people, most of them Jews, died at Auschwitz.
- E. Historians point to a number of factors to explain how the Holocaust could have occurred, including the German people's sense of injury after \_\_\_\_\_.



**★ Chapter 13**

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**Section Quiz 13-4**

**DIRECTIONS: Matching** Match each item in Column A with the items in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks. (10 points each)

**Column A**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. materials important for fighting a war
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. revised to allow warring countries to buy arms from the United States on a cash-and-carry basis
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. American destroyer torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. stated the United States could supply arms to any country considered "vital to the defense of the United States"
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. the entire western half of the Atlantic Ocean that Roosevelt declared as neutral territory

**Column B**

- A. Lend-Lease Act
- B. hemispheric defense zone
- C. Neutrality Act of 1939
- D. strategic materials
- E. *Reuben James*

**DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice** In the blank at the left, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question. (10 points each)

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. In June 1941, in violation of a non-aggression treaty, Hitler launched a massive invasion of
  - A. Austria.
  - B. France.
  - C. the Soviet Union.
  - D. Czechoslovakia.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. In 1941 President Roosevelt began sending lend-lease aid to
  - A. China.
  - B. Britain.
  - C. the Philippines.
  - D. France.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Roosevelt and Churchill met near Newfoundland in 1941 and agreed on the text of the
  - A. Export Control Act.
  - B. Neutrality Act.
  - C. Lend-Lease Act.
  - D. Atlantic Charter.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. The group that in 1940 pushed for stronger action against Germany and the repeal of all neutrality laws was the
  - A. America First Committee.
  - B. Fight for Freedom Committee.
  - C. Committee to Defend America.
  - D. United States Congress.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. What finally brought the United States into World War II?
  - A. sinking of the *Reuben James*
  - B. Americans' horror at the persecution of people by Nazis
  - C. Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor
  - D. the Atlantic Charter

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Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_

★ **Guided Reading Activity 13-4**

**DIRECTIONS: Recalling Facts** Read the section and answer the questions below. Refer to your textbook to write the answers.

1. How was the Neutrality Act of 1939 different from its earlier version? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. How did Roosevelt manage to give Churchill the destroyers that he requested? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. What did Churchill give to Roosevelt for the destroyers instead of cash? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. How did most Americans feel about Roosevelt's destroyers-for-bases deal? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. What did the Fight for Freedom Committee promote? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. Who were some of the members of the America First Committee? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. What organization pressed for increased American aid to the Allies, but not armed intervention? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
8. What was unprecedented about Roosevelt's decision to run for president in 1940? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
9. How did Roosevelt get around the cash-and-carry requirement of the Neutrality Act when Britain ran out of funds? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
10. What was the purpose of the hemispheric defense zone? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
11. What was included in the text of the Atlantic Charter? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
12. Which "strategic materials" did Roosevelt refuse to sell to the Japanese? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
13. What was the Japanese response to Roosevelt's actions? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
14. Why did Hitler aid the Japanese after the attack on Pearl Harbor? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_